





BAND SAW BLADES

THE M. K. MORSE COMPANY

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At The M. K. Morse Company we've had just one focus for over forty-five years. Make better saw blades and accessories and get them to customers on time. We don't make machinery. We don't make other products. 4 🔤 We do one thing and we do it very well.

This single-minded devotion has led to some unique innovations over the years. But, mostly it has led to a relentless march to improve value.

We are constantly looking for ways to build even more durability into our 7 NEW blades while driving production costs down. The result is a line of high value industrial band saw blades that top the charts in performance and quality.

We have accomplished this by totally integrating our manufacturing process. In fact, we do everything but make our own steel ... so far. This unique ability to control our processes makes it easier for us to meet tight production deadlines and control costs. Our customers get the benefits. At M. K. Morse this is the way we operate.



There really was an M. Kenneth Morse. As a manufacturer's rep, he became frustrated when he sold products manufacturers couldn't deliver on time or with the quality his customers demanded. He started manufacturing saw blades to make sure his customers got what they wanted when they needed it. We still do business the same way today, using the talents and resources of people working in manufacturing and warehousing facilities around the world. They are M. K. Morse, today.

We're still headquartered where we started ... in Canton, Ohio, U.S.A. However, today we have warehousing in Los Angeles, California; Vancouver, Canada; Toronto, Canada; West Yorkshire, England; Helsinki, Finland; and Palghar, India. The Los Angeles, Toronto, West Yorkshire, and Palgar warehouses are also weld centers. Our products are available from industrial supply distributors world-wide.

Our reputation for immediate availability at all distribution facilities and timely shipment is based on solid facts. Over 98% of all orders for standard stock products ship complete within 24 hours. Our integrated manufacturing process, dedication to customer service and worldwide distribution make it all possible. Our customers make it all worthwhile.

- Guaranteed shipping dates
- Guaranteed guality
- Guaranteed trial blades

See page 19 for all Guarantee information.



Visit the Morse BladeWizard on-line to select the right blade for your application:

Visit us at mkmorse.com

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bladewizard.com

This page provides a general overview of the types of M. K. Morse band saw blades best suited to different cutting applications.

M	DRSE BI-	METAL	BAND S	AW BLA	DE APP	LICATIC	NOVERV	/IEW	
		Se	lection Bas	ed Upon T	arget Appl	ication			
	CARBON STEELS	STRUCTURAL STEELS	ALUMINUM & LT. ALLOY STEELS	ALLOY STEELS MOLD STEELS	TOOL STEELS	STAINLESS STEELS	NICKEL BASE ALLOYS	TITANIUM ALLOYS	
AISI	1010, 1020, 1045	A36	6061, 2011 2024, 5052	4140, P20	A2, H13, S7 M-SERIES	316, 304 17-4 PH, 15-5 PH	INCONEL, MONEL, WASPALLOY	T1-6Al-4V	
JIS	S20C, S4SC		6061, 2011, 2024, 5052	SCM 440(H), SCM 445(H)	SHD11, SHD12, SKD61, SKS41	SUS316, SUS304	NCuP-O	H4650, H4600	
DIN	Ск45, С16.8		AICuPb, AICuMg2, AIMgMN0.3	41CrMo4	X155CrVMoV51 (G)X40CrMoV51	X5CRNiMo18 10, X5CRNi18 10	NiCr19NbMo, NiCr19Co14Mo4Ti,		
	MA	TRIX							
		M	42						
	THE MORSE ACHIEVER™								
	CHALLENGER INDEPENDENCE II®								

MORSE CARBIDE TIPPED BAND SAW BLADE APPLICATIONS												
			Se	election	Based Up	on Target	: Appli	cation				
	CARBON STEELS	ALUMINUM & LT. ALLOY STEELS	ALLOY STEELS MOLD STEELS	TOOL STEELS	STAINLESS STEELS	NICKEL BASE ALLOYS	TITANIUM ALLOYS	CASE HARDENED	ALUMINUM CASTINGS	ABRASIVE WOODS	COMPOSITES	GRAPHITE
AISI	1010, 1020, 1045	6061, 2011 2024, 5052	4140, P20	A2, H13, S7 M-SERIES	316, 304 17-4 PH, 15-5 PH	INCONEL, MONEL, WASPALLOY	T1-6Al-4V					
JIS	S20C, S4SC	6061, 2011, 2024, 5052	SCM 440(H), SCM 445(H)	SHD11, SHD12, SKD61, SKS41	SUS316, SUS304	NCuP-O	H4650, H4600					
DIN	Ск45, С16.8	AIC⊍P₅, AIC⊍M©2, AIMցM₀0.3	41CRMº4	X155CRVMoV51 (G)X40CRMoV51	X5CRNIM018 10, X5CRNI18 10	NiCℝ19N₿M○, NiCℝ19C○14M○4Tı,						
M-FACTOR BY MORSE [®] – GP MFACTOR M-FACTOR – FB												
		I		M-F	ACTOR	– EXOTI	С	СН				
		l										

MORSE CARBIDE GRIT BAND SAW BLADE APPLICATIONS Selection Based Upon Target Application								
CAST IRON HARDENED STEEL	CERAMICS FOAMED GLASS	FIBERGLASS	CABLE WIRE ROPE	CEMENT CONCRETE	TIRES & WIRE REINFORCED RUBBER	GRAPHITE	COMPOSITES	
CARBIDE GRIT								

MORSE QUIK SILVER [®] CARBON BAND SAW BLADE APPLICATIONS Selection Based Upon Target Application							
PRODUCTION WOOD CUTTING	WOOD CUTTING	CARBON STEELS	LOW ALLOY STEELS	NON-FERROUS METALS	NON-METALIC MATERIALS/PLASTIC		
QUIK SILVER [®] HARD EDGE HARD BACK / HARD EDGE FLEX BACK							





APPLICATIONS

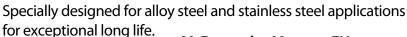
- Difficult alloy steels
- All stainless steels
- Inconel
- Hastelloy



APPLICATIONS

- Alloy steels
- Stainless steels (lower grades)

M-Factor by Morse® EX (Exotics)





USERS

- Steel service centers
- Forging operations
- General manufacturing

M-Factor by Morse – EX Exotics

Width x		Teeth P	Per Inch		
Inches	mm	.75/1	1.5/2	2/3	3/4
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07		▼	▼	▼
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.30		▼		
2 x .050	54 x 1.30		V	V	
2 x .063	54 x 1.60				
2-5/8 x .063	67 x 1.60	▼	▼		
3 x .063	80 x 1.60				

NEV

M-Factor by Morse® GP (General Purpose)

Specially designed for alloy steel and stainless steel applications for exceptional long life. M-Factor by Morse – GP General Purpose

USERS

- Steel service centers
- Forging operations
- General manufacturing

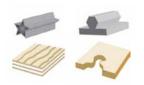
Width x		Teeth P	er Inch		
Inches	mm	.75/1	1.5/2	2/3	3/4
1 x .035	27 x 0.90			▼	▼
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07	▼	▼	V	
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.30		V	V	
2 x .063	54 x 1.60	▼			
2-5/8 x .063	67 x 1.60	V	V		
3 x .063	80 x 1.60	V			

M-Factor by Morse® CH (Case Hardened)

Designed for long life and fast, smooth cutting of chrome plated, case hardened hydraulic shaft specifications.

APPLICATIONS

- Hydraulic shafts
- Case hardened shafts & shapes
- Heat treated thick wall tubing



APPLICATIONS

- Aluminum castings: gates, risers, extrusions
- Abrasive woods plywood

USERS

- Steel service centers
- Automotive parts makers
- Cylinder Manufacturers
- Bearing Manufacturers

M-Factor by Morse – CH Case Hardened								
Width x T	Width x Thickness			r Inch				
Inches	mm	1.5/2	2/3	3	3/4			
1 x .035	27 x 0.90				▼			
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07							
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.30	▼	V	V				
2 x .063	54 x 1.60							

M-Factor by Morse® FB (Foundry Band)

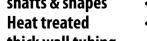
Specially designed for exceptional long life and fast cutting of abrasive and non-ferrous materials.

USERS

- Aluminum foundries
- Graphite manufacture
- Furniture makers

M-Factor by Morse – FB Aluminum Foundry

Width x	Teeth Per Inch	
Inches	mm	3
1/2 x .025	12.7 x 0.60	▼
3/4 x .035	19 x 0.90	V
1 x .035	27 x 0.90	\blacksquare
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07	\blacksquare



Independence II[®] High Production Bi-Metal Blades

Highly fatigue resistant to eliminate premature breakage. Excellent in solid tool steels and small to medium stainless & nickel based alloys.

BLADE FEATURES

- Special high speed steel tooth edges
- Special alloy steel backer
- Unique tooth geometry
- Superior wear, heat and shock resistance
- Fewer blade changes in a wide range of materials equals less downtime

Width x T	hickness	Teeth Per Inch							
Inches	mm	2/3 3/4 4/6 5/7							
		Variable							
1 x .035	27 x .90	▼			▼				
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07	▼	▼	▼	▼				
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.27	▼	▼	▼	▼				
2 x .063	54 x 1.60	▼	▼	▼	▼				

APPLICATIONS

Independence II.

- High production cutting
- Solids of tool steel A2, D2, S7
- Small to medium solids of stainless (304, 316, 17-4)
- Nickel based alloys
 Inconel, Monel
- All machinable metals in single pieces or bundles

Independence EXS® High Production Bi-Metal Blades

Longer lasting than competitive blades and more wear resistant than The Morse Achiever[™], and M42, these blades are the best choice for cutting exotics, stainless steels and large solids.



Width x T	hickness		Teeth Per Inch						
Inches	mm	1/1.5	4/6						
		Variable							
1 x .035	27 x .90		▼		▼				
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07		▼	▼	▼				
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.27	▼	▼	▼					
2 x .063	54 x 1.60	▼	▼	▼					

APPLICATIONS

- High production cutting
- Large solids
- Stainless steels
- Exotics



The Morse Achiever™ Production Bi-Metal Blades

Consistently reliable with excellent durability in mild to difficult materials – layer & bundle cuts and large profiles & solids.

APPLICATIONS

- Production cutting
- Material range from carbon to stainless steel
- Layer & bundle cuts: 1018, 4140, 4340 tool steels stainless steels
- Large profiles & solids carbon steels alloy tool steel stainless steel



The Morse Achiever™



BLADE FEATURES

- Best performance in a wide range of materials
- M. K. Morse proprietary edge wire
- M. K. Morse engineered spring steel backer additional rigidity
- Consistent reliability / performance from blade to blade
- Exceptional tooth durability and fatigue resistance



Width x 1	Thickness		Teeth Per Inch										
Inches	mm	.75/1.1	1.1/1.5	1.5/2.0	1.4/2.5	2/3	3/4	4/6	5/7	5/8	6/10	8/12	10/14
			Variable Pitch - 0º Rake										
1 x .035	27 x .90							▼				$\mathbf{\nabla}$	
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07						▼	▼			▼		
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.27					▼	▼						
						Varial	ble Pitch	- Positive	Rake	1	1		
1 x .035	27 x .90							$\mathbf{\nabla}\mathbf{\nabla}$	$\mathbf{\nabla}$				
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07				▼	▼			▼				
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.27				▼	\mathbf{V}	$\blacksquare \blacksquare \blacksquare$	$\blacksquare \blacksquare \blacksquare$					
2 x .063	54 x 1.60				$\mathbf{\nabla}$	$\mathbf{\nabla}\mathbf{\nabla}$	\mathbf{V}						
2-5/8 x .063	67 x 1.60	▼	▼	▼		▼	▼						
3 x .063	80 x 1.60	▼	▼	▼									
Hogy Sot	— Availabla	in 60 Daci	tive Dal										

🔻 Heavy Set 🛛 🔻 Available in 6º Positive Rake

Challenger™ Bi-Metal Structural Blades

Long life and straight cuts in structural material cutting applications while reducing noise and vibration.



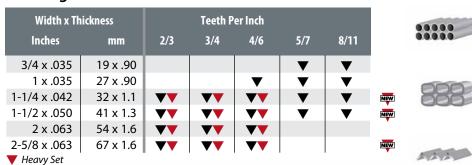
BLADE FEATURES

- Special tooth profile for cutting structural materials
- Increased beam strength
- Less noise and vibration
- Less tooth strippage
- Longer life in interrupted cuts
- Straighter interrupted and bundle cuts

APPLICATIONS

- Specially designed for structural applications
- Bundle cuts
- Interrupted cuts
- I-beams
- Low alloy steels
- Carbon steels
 A36

Challenger™ Blades







APPLICATIONS

- Solids
- Heavy walled structures
- Carbon steels
- Alloy steels
- Some stainless steels
- Medium to heavy production machines



M42 Production Bi-Metal Blades

BI-METAL BLADES

Durability for higher production speeds on difficult to machine solids and heavy walled structures

Variable Pitch - Positive Rake

Width x 1	Thickness		т	eeth Per Incl	ı	
Inches	mm	1.4/2.5	2/3	3/4	4/6	5/7
				Variable		
3/4 x .035	19 x .90				▼	▼
1 x .035	27 x .90		▼			▼
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07		▼			▼
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.27	▼	▼			
2 x .050	54 x 1.27		▼	▼		
2 x .063	54 x 1.60	▼	▼	▼		

V Available with 6° rake angle

Variable Pitch - 0° Rake

Width x T	hickness	Teeth Per Inch								
Inches	mm	2/3	3/4	4/6	5/8	6/10	8/12	10/14		
		Variable								
1/4 x .025	6.4 x .64									
1/4 x .035	6.4 x .90									
3/8 x .035	9.5 x .90							▼		
1/2 x .025	12.7 x .64									
1/2 x .035	12.7 x .90							▼		
3/4 x .035	19 x .90			▼		▼				
1 x .035	27 x .90	▼	▼	▼		▼				
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07	▼		▼						
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.27	▼	▼	▼	▼					

Straight Pitch

Width x T	hickness					Т	leeth Per Inch						
Inches	mm	4	6	8	10	14	10	1	1.14	2	3	4	6
				Raker			Wavy	Hook					
1/4 x .035	6.4 x .90				▼	▼							
3/8 x .035	9.5 x .90				▼							▼	
1/2 x .025	12.7 x .64												▼
1/2 x .035	12.7 x .90				▼							▼	▼
3/4 x .035	19 x .90										▼		
1 x .035	27 x .90	▼	▼	▼			\bullet			▼			
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07	▼	▼						▼	▼		▼	
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.27									▼			
2 x .050	54 x 1.27							▼					
2 x .063	54 x 1.60							▼					

Straight Pitch teeth are most often used when the cross sectional size range is consistent.

Matrix II General Purpose Bi-Metal Blades

General purpose blades ideal for cutting materials with easy to moderate machinability. Matrix II bi-metal band saw blades offer good value in maintenance shops and small fabricating shops.

Variable Pitch-Positive Rake

Width x T	Teeth Per Inch					
Inches	mm	2/3	3/4	4/6		
			Variable			
3/4 x .035	19 x .90			▼		
1 x .035	27 x .90			▼▼		
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07			▼		
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.27	▼		▼		
🔻 Heavy Set						

Variable Pitch - 0° Rake

Width x T	hickness	Teeth Per Inch										
Inches	mm	4/6	5/8	6/10	8/12	10/14	14/18	20/24				
					Variable							
1/4 x .025	6.4 x .64					▼						
3/8 x .025	9.5 x .64					▼						
1/2 x .020	12.7 x .50					▼	\bullet	▼				
1/2 x .025	12.7 x .64				▼	▼	$\mathbf{\nabla}$					
1/2 x .035	12.7 x .90			\bullet		▼						
5/8 x .035	16 x .90		▼			▼						
3/4 x .035	19 x .90			$\mathbf{\nabla}$	▼	▼						
1 x .035	27 x .90	▼	▼		▼	▼						
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07		▼	▼								
1-1/2 x .050	41 x 1.27		▼									

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Variable Pitch teeth can handle a wider range of application sizes and reduce sawing harmonics for quieter, reduced vibration cutting.

Specifications - Straight Pitch

Width x T	hickness	Teeth Per Inch												
Inches	mm	6	8	10	12	14	18	14	18	24	1.14	3	4	6
			Raker						Wavy			Hook		
1/4 x .025	6.4 x .64			▼		▼								
3/8 x .025	9.5 x .64		▼	▼		▼							▼	
1/2 x .020	12.7 x .50			▼			▼	▼	▼	▼				
1/2 x .025	12.7 x .64	▼		▼		▼	▼					▼	▼	
1/2 x .035	12.7 x .90												▼	
3/4 x .035	19 x .90	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼						▼		
1 x .035	27 x .90	▼	▼	▼		▼						▼		
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07	▼									\mathbf{V}			

Straight Pitch teeth are most often used when the cross sectional size range is consistent.

APPLICATIONS

- Carbon steels
- Structural steels A36 Single piece Bundles Stacked pieces
- Interrupted cuts of: Pipe & tubing Angle & channel
- Small & medium band saw machines

BLADE FEATURES

- Variable pitch teeth handle a wide range of application sizes
- Good general purpose metal cutting blade
- Reduced sawing harmonics – quieter, less vibration
- Moderate cost-per-blade
 low cost-per-cut



APPLICATIONS

- Tool & die shops
- Die blocks
- Tool steels
- "D" grade steels
- "Super" alloys
- Inconel
- Waspalloy
- Hastelloy
- Tough materials
- Typically used on vertical machines



Designed for cutting solids with very low machinability including the toughest machinable materials. Production cutting with less blade changes for tool and die shops.

BLADE FEATURES

- Low cost-per-cut
- High heat and wear resistance
- Available in Matrix II and M42 specifications
- Wide selection of blade type and tooth sizes
- Made with either straight pitch or variable pitch teeth
- Matrix II die bands, with high shock resistance, are better suited for thinner sections
- M42 die bands offer high wear and heat resistance and are best suited for cutting difficult-to-machine tool steel and die blocks

M42 Specifications

Width x Th	Width x Thickness			Teeth Per Inch							
Inches	mm)	10	14	4	6	8/12	10/14				
		Ra	ker	Ho	ok	Vari	iable				
1/4 x .025	6.4 x .64						▼				
1/4 x .035	6.4 x .90	▼	▼				▼				
3/8 x .035	9.5 x .90	▼		▼			▼				
1/2 x .025	12.7 x .64				▼						
1/2 x .035	12.7 x .90	▼	▼	▼	▼		▼				

Matrix II Specifications

Width x Tl	nickness		Teeth Per Inch										
Inches	mm	6	8	10	14	18	3	4	6	6/10	8/12	10/14	14/18
				Raker				Hook			Varia	ble	
1/4 x .025	6.4 x .64			▼	▼				▼				
3/8 x .025	9.5 x .64		$\mathbf{\nabla}$	\bullet	\bullet			▼				▼	
1/2 x .025	12.7 x .64	▼		▼	▼	▼		▼			▼	▼	▼
1/2 x .035	12.7 x .90							\bullet				\bullet	

Bi-Metal Die Band Blades

Quik Silver® Pallet Dismantling Blades

Specially designed to withstand the rough service required on dismantling machines while cutting through pallet nails and staples.

BLADE FEATURES

- Low cost-per-cut
- Rugged durability
- Available in bi-metal Matrix II and M42 specifications as well as a special grade of carbon steel
- Made with either straight pitch or variable pitch teeth

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APPLICATIONS

 All types of band saw pallet dismantling machines

M42 Bi-Metal

Width x T	hickness	Т	eeth Per Ir	nch
Inches	mm	6/10	5/8	6
		Varia	Raker	
1-1/4 x .042	32 x 1.1		▼	▼

Matrix II Bi-Metal

Width x T	hickness		eeth Per I	nch
Inches	mm	6/10	5/8	6
		Vari	able	Raker
1-1/4 x .042	32 x 1.1	▼	▼	▼

Lower cost blades are available in a special grade of carbon steel to enhance their durability in a variety of dismantling machines.

Carbon Hard Back (HB) Special

Width x Tl	nickness	T	eeth Per Ir	nch
Inches	mm	6/10	5/8	6
		Varia	able	Raker
1-1/4 x .042	32 x 1.1		▼	▼



APPLICATIONS

- Low alloy, easy-tomachine ferrous metals
- Non-ferrous metals: Brass/copper Bronze Aluminum Lead
- Wood
- Plastic
- Cork
- Composition board
- Plywood





Quik Silver[®] (HB) Hardback Blades

Stiffer blades offer straighter cuts in wood & metal cutting. On metals they are used for short production and maintenance applications

BLADE FEATURES

- Manufactured from a single piece of high carbon steel with individually hardened tooth tips
- Low cost-per-blade/low cost-per-cut in wood & similar materials
- In metals; low cost-per-blade/higher cost-per-cut than bi-metal
- Stiffer than hard edge flex (HEF) blades due to a hardened & tempered backer
- Straighter cuts with heavier feed pressure than carbon HEF
- Will accept heavier feed pressure than carbon HEF
- Good on easy-to-machine metals and other easy-to-cut materials
- Not recommended for blade speeds exceeding 4000 sfm

Specifications

Width x T	hickness			Teeth Per Inch																	
Inches	mm	6	8	10	14	18	24	10	12	14	18	24	32	1.3	2	3	4	6	3	4	6
			Raker						Wa	vy			Hook				Skip				
3/16 x .025	4.8 x .64																			▼	
1/4 x .025	6.4 x .64			▼	▼	▼	▼						▼				▼	▼		▼	▼
3/8 x .025	9.5 x .64		▼	▼	▼	▼										▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	
1/2 x .020	12.7 x .50				▼																
1/2 x .025	12.7 x .64	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼		▼	▼	▼				▼	▼	▼		▼	
5/8 x .032	16 x .80		▼	▼	▼												▼				
3/4 x .032	19 x .80	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼		▼	▼	▼	▼				••	▼		▼	▼	▼	
1 x .035	27 x .90	▼	▼	▼	▼									▼	▼	▼	▼				
1 x .042	27 x 1.1													▼							
1 1/4 x .035	32 x .90													▼							
1 1/4 x .042	32 x 1.1	▼												▼							
▼ Standard Set 🔻 Heavy Set 🔻 D-Double Set Raker																					

Quik Silver® (HEF) Flexback Blades

Ideal for wood production cutting and short production/ maintenance/general purpose applications using low alloy steel & non-ferrous metals

BLADE FEATURES

- Manufactured from a single piece of high carbon steel with individually hardened tooth tips
- More fatigue resistant than Carbon hard back
- Low cost-per-blade/low cost-per-cut in wood
- Low cost-per-blade/higher cost-per-cut in tougher materials
- Can be run at speeds up to 15,000 sfm

APPLICATIONS

- Wood
- Plastic
- Cork
- Composition board
- Plywood
- Aluminum
- Non-ferrous metals
- Low alloy steel



Specifications

Width x Thi	ckness											Teet	:h Pe	r Inc	h								
Inches	mm	4	6	8	10	14	18	24	10	14	18	24	32	1	1.14	1.3	2	3	4	6	3	4	6
				I	Rake	r					Wav	y				I	Hook	(Skip	
1/8 x .025	3 x .64					▼	▼																
3/16 x .025	4.8 x .64				▼	▼																▼	
1/4 x .014	6.4 x .30					▼	▼					▼	▼										▼
1/4 x .020	6.4 x .50																						▼
1/4 x .025	6.4 x .64			▼	▼	▼	▼	▼					▼						▼	▼		▼	▼
3/8 x .014	9.5 x .30					▼						▼	▼										$\mathbf{\nabla}$
3/8 x .025	9.5 x .64			▼	▼	▼	▼	▼										▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	
3/8 x .032	9.5 x .80																▼▼						
1/2 x .020	12.7 x .50		▼		▼					▼	▼	▼						▼					
1/2 x .025	12.7 x .64	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼		▼	▼	▼	▼					▼	▼▼		▼	▼	
5/8 x .032	16 x .80				▼	▼	▼			▼								▼	▼	▼			
3/4 x .032	19 x .80		▼	▼	▼	▼	▼			▼							▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	
3/4 x .050	19 x 1.30																▼	▼					
1 x .035	27 x .90		▼	▼	▼	▼										▼	▼▼	▼	▼	▼	▼		
1 x .035 *Bright	27 x .90															▼							
1 x .042	27 x 1.07															▼							
1 x .042 *Bright	27 x 1.07															▼							
1 1/4 x .035	32 x .90														▼	▼	▼						
1 1/4 x .042	32 x 1.07													▼	▼	▼					▼		
1 1/4 x .042 *Bright	32 x 1.07														▼	▼							
1 1/2 x .045	38.1 x 1.14														▼								
2 x .035	50.8 x .90														▼	▼							
2 x .042	50.8 x 1.07													▼	▼								

▼ Standard Set ▼ Heavy Set ▼ D-Double Set Raker

* "Bright" specifications have an unblued, silver surface finish.

Quik Silver® Carbon Furniture Blades

Ideal for use on large, high-speed vertical cutting band machines used in the furniture industry. Blades offer faster cutting while maintaining precision required in the furniture industry.

APPLICATIONS

- Wood
- Chip board
- Plywood
- Cardboard
- Used on large, vertical, high-speed wood cutting machines



BLADE FEATURES

- Special ETS (every tooth set) pattern and aggressive 10° hook tooth design for faster cutting with longer tooth tip life
- Flexible backer resists fatigue but allows contour control required in furniture manufacturing
- Manufactured from a single piece of high carbon steel with individually hardened tooth tips
- Thicker blade is stiffer for more control
- Low cost-per-blade/low cost-per-cut
- Can be resharpened for longer tooth life

Carbon Furniture Production Blades

Width x T	hickness		Teeth Per Inch									
Inches	mm	3	4	6	2	3	4	6				
			Hook ETS			Hook Ra	ker Set	▼ ▼				
1/4 x .025	6.4 x .64						▼	$\mathbf{ abla}$				
1/4 x .032	6.4 x .80											
3/8 x .025	9.5 x .64					▼	▼	▼				
3/8 x .032	9.5 x .80											
1/2 x .025	12.7 x .64					▼	▼▼	$\mathbf{\nabla}\mathbf{\nabla}$				
1/2 x .032	12.7 x .80											
5/8 x .032	16.0 x .80					▼	▼	▼				
3/4 x .032	19.0 x .80					▼▼	▼	▼				

▼ Standard Set ▼ ETS Set ▼ Heavy Set

▼ D-Double Set Raker ▼ Special Extra Heavy Set Hard Back



Quik Silver[®] HEF/HB Wood Mill/Resaw Blades

Versatile blades offer high value in a variety of wood cutting applications. Blades are manufactured from a single piece of high carbon steel with individually hardened tooth tips.

BLADE FEATURES

- Available in both flex back & hard back
- Flex back blades are more fatigue resistant
- Hard back blades offer straighter cuts
- Low cost-per-blade/low cost-per-cut
- Can be resharpened for longer tooth life

Hard Edge Hard Back - (HB)

Width x T	hickness	Teeth Per Inch
Inches	1.3	
	Hook	
1 x .035	27.5 x .9	▼
1-1/4 x .035	32.0 x .9	\bullet
1-1/4 x .042	32.0 x 1.1	▼

Hard Edge Flex Back - (HEF)

Width x T	hickness		Teeth	Per Inch	
Inches	mm	1	1.14	1.3	2
			Но	ok	
1 x .035	27.5 x .9			▼▼	•
1 x .042	27.5 x 1.1			▼	▼
1-1/4 x .035	32.0 x .9		▼	▼	▼
1-1/4 x .042	32.0 x 1.1	▼	$\mathbf{\nabla}\mathbf{\nabla}$		
1-1/2 x .045	38.1 x 1.1		▼		
2 x .035	50.8 x .9		▼	▼	
2 x .042	50.8 x 1.1		▼		
🔻 Heavy Set 🛛 🔻	Bright Finish				

Quik Silver® Wood Mill Blades

Ideal for wood cutting applications where blade fatigue problems are an increased concern.

BLADE FEATURES

- Made from a single piece of Quik Silver alloy steel with individually hardened tooth tips
- Available in both flex back & hard back
- Flex back blades are fatigue resistant
- Hard back blades offer straighter cuts
- Low cost-per-blade/low cost-per-cut
- Can be resharpened for longer tooth life

APPLICATIONS

• Wood cutting with increased fatigue resistance

Quik Silver Flex Back (WMF) & Hard Back (WMH)

Width x Tl	hickness		Teeth I	Per Inch					
Inches	mm	1	1.14	1.3	2				
			Ho	ok					
1 x .035	27.5 x .9								
1-1/4 x .042	32 x 1.1	▼▼							
1-1/2 x .045	38 x 1.1	▼▼		$\mathbf{\nabla}\mathbf{\nabla}$					
2 x .035	51 x .9	▼▼		$\mathbf{\nabla}\mathbf{\nabla}$					
2 x .042	51 x 1.1		$\mathbf{\nabla}\mathbf{\nabla}$	$\mathbf{\nabla}\mathbf{\nabla}$					
🔻 WMF flexback 🔻 WMH hardback 🔻 WMH hardback - light set (.019/side)									

APPLICATIONS

- Portable and stationary wood mills
- Single head and multihead resaw systems
- Scragg mills

CARBIDE GRIT BAND BLADES

Tungsten Carbide Grit Blades

Ideal for cutting ceramics and other materials that are too hard or abrasive for standard bi-metal blades, tungsten carbide grit blades provide superior wear resistance.

BLADE FEATURES

- Very smooth finish
- Reversible to extend service life
- Available in continuous and gulleted cutting edges
- Continuous grit for brittle materials, or materials thinner than 1/4" (6.4mm) with surfaces that chip
- Gulleted grit for 1/4" and larger wall thickness
- Available in medium to coarse grit
- Medium grit for thin materials or fine finishes
- Coarse grit for cutting thick materials

APPLICATIONS

- Fiberglass
- Ceramics
- Cast iron
- Graphite
- Tires & wire
 reinforced rubber
- Cable & wire rope
- Brittle materials or surfaces that chip









Carbide Grit (Continuous)

Width x Tl	hickness	Grit	Size
Inches	mm	Medium	Coarse
1/4 x .020	6.4 x .50	▼	
1/2 x .025	12.7 x .64	▼	
1 x .035	27 x .90	▼	▼

Carbide Grit (Gulleted)

Width x Thickr Inches	ness mm	Medium	Grit Size Medium Coarse	Coarse
3/8 x .025	9.5 x .64	▼	▼	
1/2 x .025	12.7 x .64	▼	▼	
3/4 x .032	19 x .80		▼	▼
1 x .035	27 x .90		▼	▼
1-1/4 x .042	34 x 1.07			▼

BLADE USAGE INFORMATION

Morse Band Saw Tension Gauge

Allows you to quickly check for under-tensioned or over-tensioned blade conditions while the blade is on the machine.

TENSION GAUGE FEATURES

- Durable cast/powder coated body
- Calibrated gauge measures in lbs/in² as well as kg's/cm²
- Quality storage box with protective foam inserts





BENEFITS OF PROPER BLADE TENSION:

- Optimal blade life
- Precise cutting results
- Reduces the occurrence of machine damage due to blade over-tensioning



Blade Break-In: Extremely Important

The extremely sharp tooth points and edges of new blades must be broken-in before applying full feed pressure to the blade. A good analogy is that of writing with a freshly sharpened wooden pencil.

RECOMMENDED BREAK-IN PROCEDURE

- Maintain proper blade speed for the material to be cut.
- Reduce blade feed pressure or feed rate by 50% for the first
 50 to 100 square inches of material cut.
- Gradually increase feed pressure or feed rate after break-in to target pressure or rate.

Warning About Blade Usage

CUTTING TOOLS CAN SHATTER AND/OR BREAK UNDER IMPROPER OR SEVERE USE. WEAR SAFETY EQUIPMENT, AND PARTICULARLY GOGGLES, GLOVES AND HEARING PROTECTION, AT ALL TIMES IN THE VICINITY OF THEIR USE. ALWAYS FOLLOW BAND SAW MACHINE MANUFACTURERS' RECOMMENDATIONS. The M. K. Morse Company has begun using 10-digit numeric band saw blade part numbers rather than alpha-numeric part numbers.

The first 6-digits of the part number identifies the material and size specifications. The last 4-digits identifies the length of the blade for both weld-to-length bands and coil stock.

The following band saw blade part number reference chart provides the same details we have in-house to configure the new part numbers. Customer Service at M. K. Morse will be able to assist all band saw blade distributors with any cross referencing needed. We are providing this information so that our distributors are informed and have all available information. If you have any questions, please contact your M. K. Morse Customer Service Representative.

1st & 2nd Digits	MATERIAL / TOOTH SET STYLE	3rd & 4th Digits	BLADE WIDTH	5th & 6th Digits	TOOTH COUNT
 61 OS, Hard Back Carbt 63 OS Hard Back Carbt 64 OS Hard Back Carbt 65 OS Hard Back Carbt 66 OS Hard Back Carbt 66 OS Hard Back Carbt 67 OS Hard Back Carbt 68 OS Hard Back Carbt 69 OS Hard Back Carbt 60 OS Hard Back Carbt 61 OS Hard Back Carbt 62 OS Hard Back Carbt 70 Tun. Carbide Grit - Conti 71 Tun. Carbide Grit - Gul 74 Tun. Carbide Grit - Gul 75 Tun. Carbide Grit - Gul 80 M-Factor by Morse® - Carbit 81 M-Factor by Morse® - Carbit 83 M-Factor by Morse® - Carbit 83 M-Factor by Morse® - Carbit 84 M-Factor by Morse® - Carbit 85 M-Factor by Morse® - Carbit 86 M-Factor by Morse® - Carbit 87 M-Factor by Morse® - Carbit 88 M-Factor by Morse® - Carbit 89 Challenger™ 	0° Rake Wavy Straight Pitch - Heavy Set Raker Naker Wariable, 6° Rake Hook Meavy Set Variable Heavy Set Variable Wariable New Raker Set - Special Extra Heavy Set New Yariable New Raker Set - Special Extra Heavy Set New Yariable New Raker Set - Special Extra Heavy Set New Yariable New Yariab	Part # M 10 11 20 21 30 31 32 33 34 40 41 42 43 44 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 60 61 62 70 71 80 81 82 90 91 92 92	Vidth & Thickness $25 \times .014$ $.375 \times .014$ $.25 \times .020$ $.50 \times .020$ $.125 \times .025$ $.375 \times .025$ $.375 \times .025$ $.375 \times .032$ $.375 \times .032$ $.50 \times .032$ $.625 \times .032$ $.375 \times .032$ $.50 \times .035$ $.50 \times .035$ $.50 \times .035$ $.25 \times .035$ $1 \times .035$ $1 \times .035$ $1 \times .035$ $1 \times .035$ $1 \times .042$ $2 \times .042$ $1.25 \times .042$ $1.5 \times .042$ $1.5 \times .042$ $2 \times .050$ $2 \times .050$ $2 \times .050$ $2 \times .063$ $3 \times .063$	(Unless using Coil Stock.	TPI Carbide Grit 1 2 3 4 6 8 10 12 10/14 14 14/18 18 20/24 2/3 24 32 3/4 4/6 5/7 5/8 6/10 8/11 8/12 .75/1.10 1.4/2.5 1.3 1.14 1.5 1.1/1.5 1.1/1.5 1.1/1.5 1.1/1.5 1.5/2.0 BAND LENGTH by 12 plus additional inches. Coil Length (in feet) + C) TION OF INCH / MILLIMETER Part # Millimeter Length 1 3 2 6.4 3 9.5 4 12.7 5 16 6 19
Therefore: Independence Is shown as: 50 NEW PART # 509123100C	2.625 x .063 2/3 100' Coil 91 23 100C	50 91 23	B100C	7 7/8" C Coil Stock	7 22 C Coil Stock
	54 02	5' 8-1/2" For 1/2" a 428 i × 12 = 420) 20 + 8 = 428)	aka 4/8", thus 4 <i>4</i>	7th, 8th & 9th Digit Number of millimeters mu number of inches. (Unless using Coil Stock. (METRIC BAND LENGTH Itiplied by .03937 equals total Coil Length (in feet) + C)

The M. K. Morse Company Warranty

The M. K. Morse Company warrants each new product manufactured and sold by it or one of its authorized distributors only against defects in workmanship and/or materials under normal service, proper installation and use. THIS WARRANTY IS LIMITED TO REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT OF VERIFIED DEFECTIVE PRODUCTS AND EXCLUDES ANY AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY AND ALL RISK AND LI-ABILITY WHATSOEVER RESULTING FROM ANY USE OF SAID PRODUCTS, INCLUDING INCIDENTAL AND CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES. THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES WHICH EXTEND BEYOND THE DESCRIPTION ON THE FACE THEREOF. The provisions of this warranty and limitation of liability shall not be modified in any respect except by written document signed by an officer of The M. K. Morse Company.

Trial Band Saw Blades From M. K. Morse

The M. K. Morse Company will provide bi-metal and carbon weld-tolength blades as a "Guaranteed Trial Order" (GTO) for the purpose of user evaluation of performance. If the blade recommended by Morse or approved by Morse for the particular application, fails to perform satisfactorily for the user, Morse will issue a full credit for the invoice value of the blade upon the return of the blade to Morse.

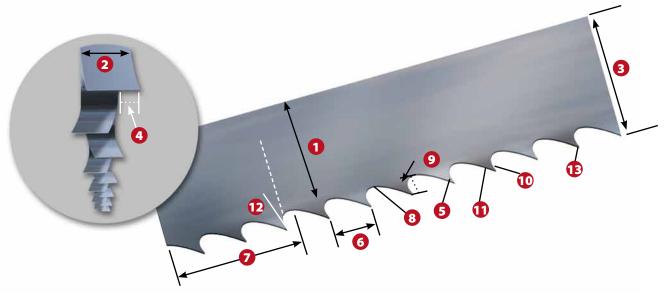
In all instances where Morse provides bi-metal and carbon welded-tolength band saw blades for trial and evaluation, the Morse sales representative will provide follow-up.

Morse is confident in the ability of our blades to meet the end users expectations for performance.

BLADE FEATURES EXPLAINED

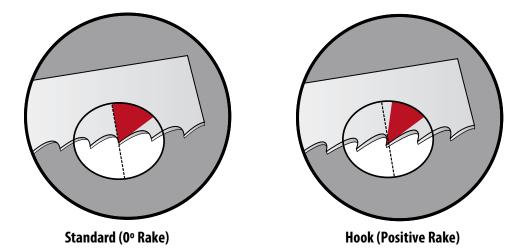
Anatomy of a Saw Blade

Although it looks like a flat piece of metal with teeth, a quality industrial band saw blade is actually a sophisticated cutting tool. Its ability to efficiently cut through tough metals, composite materials, plastics, and woods depends on a variety of interrelated factors such as the design, spacing and set of the teeth; the design and capacity of the gullets to make sure chips are efficiently removed; the composition of the backer strip; and the gage of the metal. These considerations must be taken into account when selecting the right blade for your application. The following Technical Pages will help you arrive at the perfect Morse solution to your particular cutting problem.

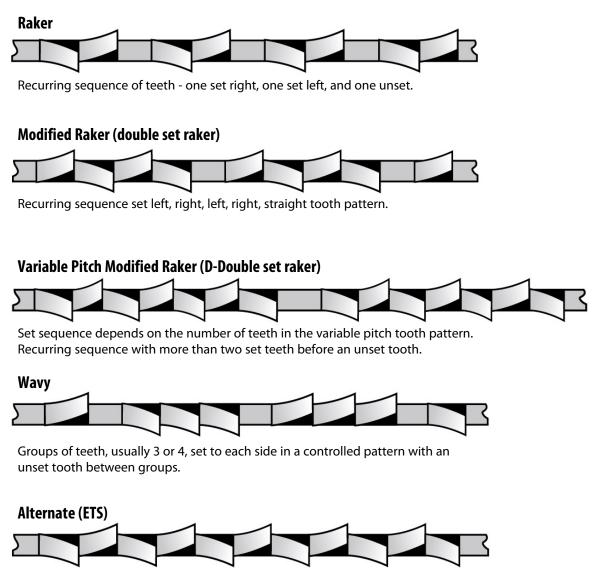


- **Blade Back**......The body of the blade not including tooth portion
- 2 Gage The thickness of the blade
- 8 Width The tip of tooth to back of blade
- **5** Tooth......The cutting portion of the saw blade
- **Tooth Pitch** The distance from one tooth tip to the next
- **6 Gullet** The curved area between the tooth points
- 10 Tooth Face The surface of the tooth on which the chip is formed
- **Tooth Rake Angle** The angle of the tooth face measured with respect to a line perpendicular to the cutting direction of the saw
- **Tooth Tip**......The cutting edge of the saw tooth

TOOTH SET SPECIFICATIONS



Here's where the blade makes the cut. The tooth design variables include shape, position, set, type and spacing. The combination of these variables will determine whether the blade can move easily through your material without binding or becoming clogged with chips.



Every tooth set alternately to the left and right.

Band Saw Tooth Pitches

Variable Pitch

- Varying gullet depth
- 0° Rake angle
- Variable tooth spacing

Advantages

- Excellent chip carrying capacity
- Reduces harmonic vibration



Benefits

- Improves blade life
- Reduces noise
- Cuts smoother & more efficiently

Variable Pitch Positive Rake

- Varying gullet depth
- Variable tooth spacing
- Positive rake angle

Advantages

- Better chip formation
- Excellent chip carrying capacity
- Reduces harmonic vibration
- More aggressive cutting

Benefits

- Cuts smoother, cuts faster
- Wide range of applications
 - Reduces noise
 - Easier chip generation

Standard Raker

- Equally spaced teeth
- 0° Rake angle

Advantages

• Excellent chip carrying capacity

Benefits

General purpose

Skip

- Wide flat gullets
- 0° Rake angle
- Equally spaced teeth

Advantages

- Excellent chip carrying capacity
- Provide coarse pitch on narrow bands
- Flat gullets

Benefits

- Excellent cutting for non-metallic & non-ferrous applications, (wood, plastic, brass, copper, bronze & aluminum)
- Help break "stringy" chips

Hook

- Wide rounded gullets
- Equally spaced teeth
- Positive rake angle

Advantages

- Excellent chip carrying in non-metallic applications
- Positive rake provides better tip penetration with less feed pressure

Benefits

- Good cutting performance in discontinuous chip forming materials (cast iron)
- Fast cutting with good surface finish





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Tooth Selection Guide (teeth per inch)

Band saw tooth size (Teeth Per Inch) is determined by the size and type of material to be cut and the desired finish. To select T.P.I. using this chart, find the colored chart for the type of material you wish to cut. Move up to the correct material size next to the chart. Follow across to the chart for the appropriate T.P.I. for your blade.

Material (Inche		eeth P	er Inch	(Metric) (Inche		ll Thicknes: (Inches)	s Teeth Per Inch	Wall Thickness (Metric)
0 —		1-		0 –	1	1/16 - 🗖		ן – 1.8
.1 – c	14/18	-	14/18	- 2.5 - 5.1		1/8 -	10/14	- 3.2
.2 – .3 –	10/14		10/14	- 7.6	3	3/16	8/12	- 4.8
.4 –	8/12	-		- 10.2	2	1/4 -	6/10	- 6.3
.5 –		-	8/12	- 12.7	,	1/4		
.6 —		-		- 15.0		5/16 -	5/8	– 7.9
.7 –		-	6/10	- 17.8		3/8 -		– 9.5
.8 – .9 –	5,0			- 20.0 - 22.9	_	7/16 -		- 11.0
		_	5/8	- 25.4				
1-1/4 -		-		- 31.8		1/2 -		– 12.7
1-1/2 —	4/6	-		- 38.1	9	9/16 -	4/6	- 14.3
1-3/4 –		-		- 44.5	5	5/8 -		- 15.8
2 —		-	4/6	- 50.8	14			
2-1/4 -		-		- 57.2		1/16 -		– 17.5
2-1/2 -		-		- 63.5		3/4 -		– 19.0
2-3/4 — 3 —				- 69.9 - 76.2	1-	3/16 -		- 20.6
3-1/4 –	3/4	_		- 82.6	-	7/8 -		- 22.0
3-1/2 -		-	3/4	- 88.9)			
3-3/4 -		-	3/4	- 95.3	15	5/16 -	3/4	– 23.8
4 —		-		- 101	.6	1 -		- 25.4
5 –		-		- 127	1	-1/8 -		- 28.6
6 -	ZJ	-		- 152	.4			
7 — 8 —			2/3	- 177 - 203	-	-1/4 -		- 32.0
0 9 -		_		- 228	1.	-3/8 -	2/3	- 35.0
10 -	1.4/2.5	-	1.4/2.5	- 254	_	-1/2 –		- 38.0
15 —	1/1.5	-	1/1.5	- 381	.0		\ I I	
30 —	1/1.5	- 1	1/1.5	- 762		C)	
						Pipe (IIse	Tubing Struct e Wall Thickn	curals ess)
	Rectangular Solids: Round Soli						,	
	(Use Width)		(Use Diame	ter)				als rule of thumb:
						-		utting speed of 00-250 S.F.M. Dry

BLADE SPEED/REMOVAL RATES

	F	or use w	vith Bi-N	Aetal Bl a	ades*			
	UND	ER 1″	1″ T	O 3″	3″ T	O 6″	6″ - C	VER
TYPE OF MATERIAL	Blade Speed (SFM)	Removal Rate (in²/min.)	Blade Speed (SFM)	Removal Rate (in²/min.)	Blade Speed (SFM)	Removal Rate (in²/min.)	Blade Speed (SFM)	Removal Rate (in²/min.)
STRUCTURAL STEEL SHAPE A36, A242, A662 CARBON STEEL	S 300		280		260		240	
1005 - 1013 1015 - 1035 1040 - 1059 1060 - 1080 1084 - 1095 FREE MACHINING STEEL	310 300 240 220 200	8 - 12 9 - 13 5 - 7 4 - 7 3 - 6	290 280 230 205 190	10 - 15 13 - 17 6 - 8 7 - 8 5 - 7	270 260 205 195 180	13 - 18 15 - 20 8 - 11 8 - 11 6 - 8	250 250 190 160 130	11 - 16 11 - 17 7 - 10 7 - 9 5 - 8
1110 1117 - 1118 1137 - 1151 1211 - 1215 MANGANESE STEEL	310 300 260 310	9 - 12 9 - 13 6 - 8 9 - 12	280 270 230 290	11 - 15 11 - 16 7 - 10 11 - 15	280 270 220 270	15 - 18 14 - 19 10 - 13 14 - 19	240 230 190 250	12 - 15 12 - 17 8 - 12 13 - 17
1330 - 1345 1513 - 1536 1541 - 1572 MOLYBDENUM STEEL	260 300 245	4 - 7 11 - 13 4 - 7	240 280 230	6 - 8 14 - 15 6 - 8	215 260 200	8 - 11 16 - 18 9 - 11	195 240 175	6 - 9 12 - 17 8 - 10
4012 - 4024 4027 - 4037 4042 - 4047 CHROME MOLY STEEL	250 240 220	4 - 7 4 - 7 4- 6	230 230 210	6 - 8 6 - 9 5 - 7	200 190 170	8 - 11 8 - 11 6- 9	175 170 150	6 - 10 6 - 10 5 - 8
4118 - 4130 4135 - 4142 4145 - 4161 NICKEL CHROME MOLY STE	230 220 200	5 - 9 4 - 7 2 - 6	220 210 180	7 - 11 6 - 9 5 - 8	200 190 180	9 - 13 9 - 13 6 - 10	180 170 160	8 - 12 8 - 12 5 - 8
4317 - 4320 4337 - 4340 4718 - 4720 8615 - 8627 8630 - 8645 8647 - 8660 8715 - 8750 9310 - 9317 9437 - 9445 9747 - 9763 9840 - 9850	210 200 275 210 210 210 210 210 210 210 210 210	4 - 6 4 - 7 4 - 7 3 - 5 2 - 4 3 - 6 2- 4 4 - 6 3 - 5 4 - 7	190 180 270 190 190 190 190 160 190 190	5 - 8 4 - 7 6 - 8 5 - 7 4 - 6 3- 5 5 - 8 3 - 5 5 - 7 4 - 6 5 - 8	170 160 245 170 170 170 170 150 170 170 170	6 - 9 5 - 8 7 - 10 6 - 8 5 - 7 4 - 6 6 - 8 3 - 5 5 - 8 4 - 7 6 - 9	150 140 220 150 150 150 150 130 150 150 150	5 - 8 4 - 7 5 - 8 4 - 7 4 - 6 3 - 5 4 - 7 2 - 4 4 - 7 3 - 6 4 - 8
NICKEL MOLY STEEL 4615 - 4626 4815 - 4820 CHROMIUM STEEL	220 210	4 - 7 3 - 6	200 190	5 - 8 3 - 6	180 170	6 - 9 4 - 6	160 140	5 - 8 4 - 6
5045 - 5046 5120 - 5135 5140 - 5160 50100 - 52100 CHROME VANADIUM STEEL	210 230 210 175	5 -8 4 - 6 4 - 6 3 - 5	190 210 190 140	6 - 9 6 - 8 4 - 6 4 - 6	170 180 170 130	8 - 11 7 - 10 5 - 7 5 - 7	150 160 150 110	7 - 10 5 - 9 4 - 6 4 - 6
6118 6150	230 210	4 - 6 3 - 5	210 190	5 - 8 4 - 7	190 170	6 - 9 5 - 8	170 150	5 - 8 4 - 7
SILICON STEEL 9254 - 9260 COLD WORK DIE STEEL	210	3 - 5	190	4 - 6	190	4 - 8	160	3 - 7
A2, A3, A6 A7 D2, D3, D4 D7 O1, O2 O6, O7 HOT WORK STEEL	210 170 135 110 240 230	2 - 4 2 - 4 1 - 3 1 - 3 3 - 6 4 - 7	190 160 115 90 230 220	3 - 5 4 - 5 2 - 4 1 - 3 4 - 7 5 - 8	190 150 120 80 200 200	3 - 6 3 - 6 2 - 4 2 - 3 5 - 8 6 - 9	160 125 80 60 180 160	2 - 4 2 - 4 2 - 3 1 - 3 4 - 7 5 - 8
HOT WORK STEEL H12, H13, H21 H22, H24, H25 SHOCK RESISTANT STEEL	235 190	3 - 6 2 - 4	200 175	4 - 6 2 - 5	190 160	4 - 7 3 - 6	170 135	3 - 6 2 - 4
S1 S2, S5	230 180	3 - 6 2 - 4	210 165	4 - 6 3 - 5	200 150	4 - 7 3 - 6	160 120	3 - 6 2 - 4

	F	or use w	vith Bi-I	Metal Bla	ades*			
	UNDE	ER 1″	1″ T	O 3″	3″ T(C 6″	6″ - O	VER
TYPE OF MATERIAL	Blade Speed (SFM)	Removal Rate (in ² /min.)	Blade Speed (SFM)	Removal Rate (in ² /min.)	Blade Speed (SFM)	Removal Rate (in ² /min.)	Blade Speed (SFM)	Removal Rate (in²/min.)
SPECIAL PURPOSE STEEL L2, L6 L7 WATER HARDENING STEEI	210 200	3 - 5 3 - 5	210 190	4 - 7 4 - 6	190 180	5 - 8 4 - 7	175 130	4 - 7 3 - 6
W1 HIGH SPEED STEEL	265	3 - 6	240	5 - 7	220	5 - 7	180	3 - 5
M1, M2, M7 M3, M4, M10 M30, M33 M41, M42, M43 T1, T2 T4, T5, T6 T15, M15 AUSTENITIC STAINLESS ST	165 125 100 100 150 125 90	2 - 4 2 - 4 1 - 3 1 - 3 2 - 4 1 - 3 1 - 3	150 100 90 135 110 70	2 - 5 2 - 5 2 - 3 1 - 3 2 - 4 1 - 4 1 - 3	145 100 75 75 120 100 60	3 - 6 3 - 5 2 - 3 1 - 4 2 - 5 2 - 4 1 - 3	100 80 70 70 100 85 50	3 - 5 3 - 4 1 - 3 1 - 3 2 - 4 1 - 3 1 - 2
201, 202, 301 - 304 303, 303F, 303Se 305, 308 - 314 316, 317, 329 321, 347, 348 330	135 160 100 100 140 85	3 - 4 3 - 6 1 - 2 1 - 2 2 - 4 1 - 2	120 140 85 90 125 65	2 - 5 3 - 6 1 - 2 1 - 2 2 - 5 1 - 3	120 135 75 80 120 55	3 - 6 4 - 6 1 - 3 1 - 3 3 - 6 1 - 4	85 90 65 60 90 45	2 - 4 3 - 5 1 - 2 1 - 2 2 - 4 1 - 2
FERRITIC STAINLESS STEEL 429, 430 430F, 430FSe 434, 436 442 446 MARTENSITIC STAINLESS	120 130 100 110 90	2 - 4 3 - 5 2 - 4 2 - 4 2 - 4	100 115 80 85 70	3 - 4 5 - 6 3 - 4 3 - 5 3 - 4	90 100 75 75 60	3 - 6 5 - 7 3 - 5 3 - 6 2 - 5	75 90 55 60 50	2 - 4 4 - 6 3 - 4 3 - 5 1 - 3
403, 410, 420 414, 416Se 420F, 416 440A, B, C 501, 502 NICKEL BASED ALLOYS	170 235 220 130 135	2 - 5 5 - 9 3 - 8 2 - 4 1 - 2	155 210 200 120 120	3 - 6 6 - 9 5 - 9 2 - 6 2 - 4	145 195 190 110 100	3 - 7 7 - 11 6 - 10 3 - 7 3 - 4	100 170 150 70 80	2 - 4 5 - 9 4 - 8 1 - 4 2 - 3
Monel K-Monel R-Monel Inconel Inconel 625-x-750 Incole 625-x-750 Incole 718 Incoloy 800 - 802 Incoloy 804 - 825 Waspalloy Hastelloy A Hastelloy A Hastelloy C Rene 41 Udimet 500	100 115 130 115 95 95 95 60 100 130 110 100 90 95	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 - 4 \\ 1 - 4 \\ 2 - 4 \\ 1 - 4 \\ 2 - 4 \\ 1 - 2 \\ 1 - 2 \\ 1 - 2 \\ 1 - 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 - 3 \\ 1 - 2 \\ 1 - 2 \\ 1 - 2 \\ 1 - 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1$	90 90 100 90 80 80 75 40 90 110 80 90 80 80	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 - 4 \\ 1 - 4 \\ 2 - 5 \\ 1 - 4 \\ 2 - 4 \\ 1 - 2 \\ 1 - 2 \\ 1 - 2 \\ 1 - 2 \\ 1 - 2 \\ 3 - 4 \\ 1 - 3 \\ 1 - 2 $	85 70 90 100 75 70 60 40 70 100 75 80 60 70	2 - 4 2 - 4 3 - 5 2 - 5 2 - 3 1 - 2 1 - 2 1 - 2 1 - 2 1 - 2 4 - 6 1 - 4 1 - 2 1	65 50 60 50 40 40 35 30 50 70 60 65 50 60	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 - 3 \\ 1 - 2 \\ 1 - 4 \\ 1 - 3 \\ 1 - 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 - 3 \\ 1 - 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1$
6AL 4V MARAGING STEEL	65	.5-1	50	1 - 2	50	1 - 2	40	.5 - 1
Most BRONZE	190	3 - 4	145	4 - 6	110	6 - 7	90	4 - 6
Most Aluminum Bronze ALUMINUM	230 100	6 - 9 2 - 4	205 95	10 - 12 3 - 4	180 85	10 - 12 3 - 5	140 70	7 - 9 3 - 4
Most CAST IRON	800		700		600		500	
Class 20 Class 40 Ductile 60-40-18, 150 HB Ductile 80-55-06, 225 HB	210 170 240 140	9 - 12 7 - 9 6 - 8 3 - 4	200 160 230 130	11 - 15 7 -10 8 - 10 4 - 5	180 140 230 120	11 - 15 8 - 12 8 - 10 5 - 7	160 120 220 110	10 - 14 7 - 11 6 - 7 3 - 5

*Reduce speeds by 50% for carbon blades. For carbide tipped blades, ask your Morse sales contact.

CUT TIME CALCULATOR

The following chart will help you determine how long a cut will take by cross referencing the bar size to be cut with the removal rate being used.

					Rei	mova	al Ra	te - S	Squa	re In	ches	: Per	Min	ute					
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Bar Dia.	Bar Area,	in² /min	in² /min	in² /min	in² /min	in ² /min	in² /min												
Did.	In ²								٨	linutes	Per Cu	t							
1.00	0.79	.79	.39	.26	.20	.16	.13	.11	.10	.09	.08	.07	.07	.06	.06	.05	.05	.05	.04
1.25	1.23	1.2	.61	.41	.31	.25	.20	.18	.15	.14	.12	.11	.10	.09	.09	.08	.08	.07	.07
1.50	1.77	1.8	.88	.59	.44	.35	.29	.25	.22	.20	.18	.16	.15	.14	.13	.12	.11	.10	.10
1.75	2.41	2.4	1.2	.80	.60	.48	.40	.34	.30	.27	.24	.22	.20	.19	.17	.16	.15	.14	.13
2.00	3.14	3.1	1.6	1.0	.79	.63	.52	.45	.39	.35	.31	.29	.26	.24	.22	.21	.20	.18	.17
2.25	3.98	4.0	2.0	1.3	1.0	.80	.66	.57	.50	.44	.40	.36	.33	.31	.28	.27	.25	.23	.22
2.50	4.91	4.9	2.5	1.6	1.2	1.0	.82	.70	.61	.55	.49	.45	.41	.38	.35	.33	.31	.29	.27
2.75	5.94	5.9	3.0	2.0	1.5	1.2	1.0	.85	.74	.66	.59	.54	.49	.46	.42	.40	.37	.35	.33
3.00	7.07	7.1	3.5	2.4	1.8	1.4	1.2	1.0	.88	.79	.71	.64	.59	.54	.50	.47	.44	.42	.39
3.25	8.30	8.3	4.1	2.8	2.1	1.7	1.4	1.2	1.0	.92	.83	.75	.69	.64	.59	.55	.52	.49	.46
3.50	9.62	9.6	4.8	3.2	2.4	1.9	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.0	.87	.80	.74	.69	.64	.60	.57	.53
3.75	11.04	11.0	5.5	3.7	2.8	2.2	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.0	.92	.85	.79	.74	.69	.65	.61
4.00	12.57	12.6	6.3	4.2	3.1	2.5	2.1	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.0	.90	.84	.79	.74	.70
4.25	14.19	14.2	7.1	4.7	3.5	2.8	2.4	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	.95	.89	.83	.79
4.50	15.90	15.9	8.0	5.3	4.0	3.2	2.7	2.3	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	.94	.88
4.75	17.72	17.7	8.9	5.9	4.4	3.5	3.0	2.5	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0
5.00	19.64	19.6	9.8	6.5	4.9	3.9	3.3	2.8	2.5	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1
5.25	21.65	21.6	10.8	7.2	5.4	4.3	3.6	3.1	2.7	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.2
5.50	23.76	23.8	11.9	7.9	5.9	4.8	4.0	3.4	3.0	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3
5.75	25.97	26.0	13.0	8.7	6.5	5.2	4.3	3.7	3.2	2.9	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4
6.00	28.27	28.3	14.1	9.4	7.1	5.7	4.7	4.0	3.5	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6
6.25	30.68	30.7	15.3	10.2	7.7	6.1	5.1	4.4	3.8	3.4	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.7
6.50	33.18	33.2	16.6	11.1	8.3	6.6	5.5	4.7	4.1	3.7	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.8
6.75	35.78	35.8	17.9	11.9	8.9	7.2	6.0	5.1	4.5	4.0	3.6	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.0
7.00	38.48	38.5	19.2	12.8	9.6	7.7	6.4	5.5	4.8	4.3	3.8	3.5	3.2	3.0	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.1
7.25	41.28		20.6	13.8	10.3	8.3	6.9	5.9	5.2	4.6	4.1	3.8	3.4	3.2	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.3
7.50	44.18		22.1	14.7	11.0	8.8	7.4	6.3	5.5	4.9	4.4	4.0	3.7	3.4	3.2	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.5
7.75	47.17		23.6	15.7	11.8	9.4	7.9	6.7	5.9	5.2	4.7	4.3	3.9	3.6	3.4	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.6
8.00	50.27		25.1	16.8	12.6	10.1	8.4	7.2	6.3	5.6	5.0	4.6	4.2	3.9	3.6	3.4	3.1	3.0	2.8
8.25	53.46		26.7	17.8	13.4	10.7	8.9	7.6	6.7	5.9	5.3	4.9	4.5	4.1	3.8	3.6	3.3	3.1	3.0
8.50	56.75		28.4	18.9	14.2	11.3	9.5	8.1	7.1	6.3	5.7	5.2	4.7	4.4	4.1	3.8	3.5	3.3	3.2
8.75	60.13		30.1	20.0	15.0	12.0	10.0	8.6	7.5	6.7	6.0	5.5	5.0	4.6	4.3	4.0	3.8	3.5	3.3
9.00	63.62		31.8	21.2	15.9	12.7	10.6	9.1	8.0	7.1	6.4	5.8	5.3	4.9	4.5	4.2	4.0	3.7	3.5
9.25	67.20		33.6	22.4	16.8	13.4	11.2	9.6	8.4 8.0	7.5	6.7	6.1	5.6	5.2	4.8	4.5	4.2	4.0	3.7
9.50 9.75	70.88		35.4 37.3	23.6	17.7	14.2	11.8	10.1	8.9	7.9	7.1	6.4	5.9	5.5	5.1	4.7	4.4	4.2	3.9
	74.66			24.9	18.7 19.6	14.9 15.7	12.4	10.7	9.3 9.8	8.3 8.7	7.5 7.9	6.8 7.1	6.2 6.5	5.7 6.0	5.3	5.0	4.7 4.9	4.4 4.6	4.1
10.00	78.54	/0.5	39.3	26.2	19.0	15.7	13.1	11.2	9.8	0./	7.9	7.1	0.5	0.0	5.6	5.2	4.9	4.0	4.4

To find the area of bars larger than 10["] **diameter** use the formula " $\pi(3.14) \times \text{radius}^{2}$ ". Take half the diameter (radius) multiply it by itself. Then multiply that by 3.14. **Example:** 20["] bar. Half the diameter is 10["]. 10 x 10 = 100. 100 x 3.14 = 314 square inches.

Using Metal Chips to Troubleshoot

You can improve the productivity of your metal cutting operation by paying close attention to the chips made by the blade cutting through metal. This chart shows some of the common problems that can be discovered and solved by paying attention to chips

Chip Form	Chip Condition	Chip Color	Blade Speed	Blade Feed Rate	Other
2	Thick, Hard and Short	Blue or Brown	Decrease	Decrease	Check Cutting Fluid & Mix
	Thin and Curled	Silver	Suitable	Suitable	
	Powder	Silver	Decrease	Increase	
	Thin and Tightly Curled	Silver	Suitable	Decrease	Check Tooth Pitch

Minimum Cut Radius Per Blade Width

The minimum radius that can be cut with a blade width is most often used for die block cutting and wood cutting.

Minimum radius cut for a given blade width

Blade Width	Minimum Radius	Materials Thickness 1″/25mm
1″/25mm	7-1/4″/184mm	
3/4″/19mm	5-7/16″/138mm	
5/8″/16mm	3-3/4″/95mm	
1/2″/13mm	2-1/2″/63mm	
3/8″/10mm	1-1/4″/32mm	
1/4″/6mm	5/8″/16mm	
3/16″/5mm	3/8″/10mm	
1/8″/3mm	7/32″/5.5mm	

BLADE PROBLEM SOLVING

Problem	Problem Cause	Solution
Premature Blade Breakage Straight Break indicates fatigue	 Incorrect blade - teeth too coarse Blade tension too high Side guides too tight Damaged or misadjusted blade guides Excessive feed Incorrect cutting fluid Wheel diameter too small for blade Blade rubbing on wheel flanges Teeth in contact with work before starting saw Incorrect blade speed Teeth pointing in wrong direction / blade mounted backwards Improper or no blade break-in Hard spots in material Material work hardened Improper coolant Improper coolant concentration Speed too high Feed too light 	 Use finer tooth pitch Reduce blade tension (see machine manual) Check side guide clearance (see machine manual) Check all guides for alignment/damage Reduce feed pressure Check coolant Use thinner blade Adjust wheel alignment Allow 1/2" clearance before starting cut Increase or decrease blade speed Install blade correctly. If teeth are facing the wrong direction, flip blade inside out Break in blade properly (Page 17) Check for hardness or hard spots like scale or flame cut areas Increase feed pressure Check coolant type Check coolant mixture Check recommended blade speed (Page 24-25) Increase feed pressure
Dulling of Teeth Material Material Inaccurate Cut	 Teeth too small Tooth set damage Excessive feed pressure Improper tooth size Cutting fluid not applied evenly Guides worn or loose Insufficient blade tension 	 Increase tooth size Check for worn set on one side of blade Reduce feed pressure Check tooth size chart (Page 23) Check coolant nozzles Tighten or replace guides, check for proper alignment Adjust to recommended tension
Band Leading in Cut	 Over-feed Insufficient blade tension Tooth set damage Guide arms loose or set too far apart Chips not being cleaned from gullets Teeth too small 	 Reduce feed force Adjust recommended tension Check material for hard inclusions Position arms as close to work as possible. Tighten arms. Check chip brush Increase tooth size
Chip Welding	 Insufficient coolant flow Wrong coolant concentration Excessive speed and/or pressure Tooth size too small Chip brush not working 	 Check coolant level and flow Check coolant ratio Reduce speed and/or pressure Use coarser tooth pitch Repair or replace chip brush
Teeth Fracture Back of tooth indicates work spinning in clamps	 Incorrect speed and/or feed Incorrect blade pitch Saw guides not adjusted properly Chip brush not working Work spinning or moving in vise 	 Check cutting chart (Page 24-25) Check tooth size chart (Page 23) Adjust or replace saw guides Repair or replace chip brush Check bundle configuration/adjust vise pressure
Irregular Break Indicates material movement	 Indexing out of sequence Material loose in vice 	 Check proper machine movement Check vise or clamp

BLADE PROBLEM SOLVING

Problem	Problem Cause	Solution
Teeth Stripping	 Feed pressure too high Tooth stuck in cut Improper or insufficient coolant Incorrect tooth size Hard spots in material Work spinning in vise - loose nest or bundle Blade speed too slow Blade teeth running backwards Chip brush not working 	 Reduce feed pressure Do not enter old cut with a new blade Check coolant flow and concentration Check tooth size chart (Page 23) Check material for hard inclusions Check clamping pressure - be sure work is held firmly Increase blade speed - see cutting chart (Page 24-25) Reverse blade (turn inside out) Repair or replace chip brush
Wear on Back of Blades	 Excessive feed pressure Insufficient blade tension Back-up guide roll frozen, damaged, or worn Blade rubbing on wheel flange 	 Decrease feed pressure Increase blade tension and readjust guides Repair or replace back-up roll or guide Adjust wheel cant
Rough Cut Washboard surface Vibration and or chatter	 Dull or damaged blade Incorrect speed or feed Insufficient blade support Incorrect tooth pitch Insufficient coolant 	 Replace with new blade Increase speed or decrease feed Move guide arms as close as possible to the work Use finer pitch blade Check coolant flow
Wear Lines, Loss of Set	 Saw guide inserts or wheel flange are riding on teeth Insufficient blade tension Hard spots in material Back-up guide worn 	 Check machine manual for correct blade width Tension blade properly Check material for inclusions Replace guide
Twisted Blade Profile sawing	 Blade binding in cut Side guides too tight Radius too small for blade width Work not firmly held Erratic coolant flow Excessive blade tension 	 Decrease feed pressure Adjust side guide gap Use narrower blade Check clamping pressure Check coolant nozzles Decrease blade tension
Blade Wear Teeth blued	 Incorrect blade Incorrect feed or speed Improper or insufficient coolant 	 Use coarser tooth pitch Increase feed or decrease speed Check coolant flow

APPLICATION USAGE NOTES

Blade Usage Notes

Experience is often the best way to save time and money in your usage of band saws for repeated cutting applications. By tracking the type of blades used, blade life, cut times and machine settings for a given material, you will develop a knowledge base for later comparison. It will also better equip the technical support staff at M. K. Morse to help you get optimum results in your band saw usage.



BLADE SELECTION WORKSHEET

Blade Recommendation Checklist Contact Morse Technical Assistance

	Complete and Fax to: 1-330-453-1111 or call 1-330-453-8187 or visit www.bladewizard.com
User Information	Distributor Information
Company:	Company:
Address:	Address:
Contact:	Contact:
Phone No.:	Phone No.:
Blade Information	Fax No.:
	e-mail:
Manufacturer:	
Length: Width:	
Thickness: Tooth Pitch:	Marca
Type: Carbon Matrix M42 Other	
Monthly blade usage:	Ventical
Current blade distributor:	Blade Speed (sfm):
Current blade cost: \$ (ea.)	Feed Rate:
I	
·	
·	pes of Cutting
(Check all that apply)	pes of Cutting
Tyr (Check all that apply) Single Piece Cut-off Bundled Cut-off 1. Number of pieces:	pes of Cutting
Tyr (Check all that apply) Gingle Piece Cut-off Bundled Cut-off I. Number of pieces:	2. Check each configuration that applies: Image: Check each configuration that applies:<
(Check all that apply) Single Piece Cut-off Bundled Cut-off 1. Number of pieces: Image: State Stat	 2. Check each configuration that applies:







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